

VIRTUAL OBSERVATIONS

Lecture Course for Master and last year Bachelor Students

Kapteyn Astronomical Institute
University of Groningen
27 Nov 06 – 2 Feb 07

Lecturers (members of the EURO-VO Data Center Alliance):
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In collaboration with AstroGRID, CDS, LOFAR, Astro-Wise, OmegaCEN
Part of Master-Variant Instrumentation and Informatics in Physics, Astronomy and Space Research

Information: <http://www.astro.rug.nl/~valentyn/vo.html>

Kapteyn Institute
Department of Astronomy
RUG

This course

- A novum
- Programme
<http://www.astro.rug.nl/~valentyn/vo.html>
- Basis
 - intro
 - concepts – systems
 - Astrometry – photometry
- CDS – VO
 - EURO-VO tools
- E – Lofar
- AstroWise
- AstroGRID
- Students VO

VO-lec 1 -2

E-science

- Beyond “workstation science” of the 80-90’s
- Distributed services
- Distributed communities
- Distributed archives
- p2p networks – KAZAA- NAPSTAR
 - Share cpu
 - Share storage
 - Share info / meta data /knowledge

VO-lec 1 -2

different views on

- Surveys
- Templates
- Pipelines
- Virtual Observatories

VO-lec 1 -2

Surveys

- Defined area on sky
- Homogeneous
 - Survey limit
 - Flux (magnitude)
 - Size
 - Surface brightness
 - distance
- Quality control

VO-lec 1 -2

Templates

Standards very important for VO

- Observing templates
 - Astronomical Observing Templates at ESA
 - Templates / Template signature files at ESO

VO-lec 1 -2

ESO parse info via headers



Photometry

- TSF- OCAM.img.obs.stare
- TSF- OCAM.img.cal.monit.

Start observations with N = 1, fibercomposite

Recipe- **PhotCal_Monitoring**

```

TFL_ID = OCAM_img_cal_monit
TFL_NEXP = 1
DPS_CATE = 'CALIB'
DPS_TYPE = 'STD, EXTINCTION'
DPS_TECH = 'IMAGE, DIRECT'
DPS_STATUS = 'FREQ'
    
```

TSF- OCAM.img.cal.zp

Start observations with N = 1, fiberkey band

Recipe- **PhotCal_Extract_Zeropoint**

```

TFL_ID = OCAM_img_cal_zp
TFL_NEXP = 1
DPS_CATE = 'CALIB'
DPS_TYPE = 'STD, ZEROPPOINT'
DPS_TECH = 'IMAGE, DIRECT'
DPS_STATUS = 'FREQ'
    
```

DRS FILTER= 'U250, R250, I250, Z250', composite

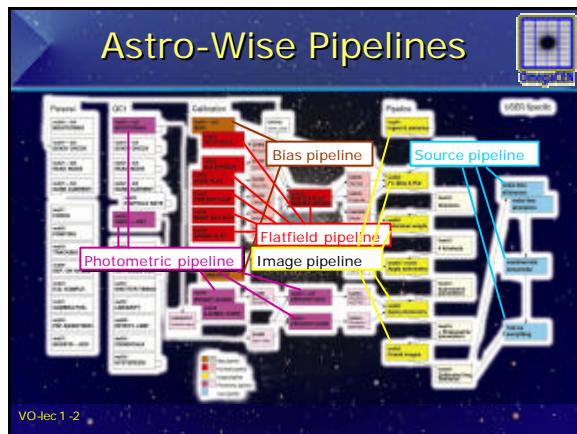
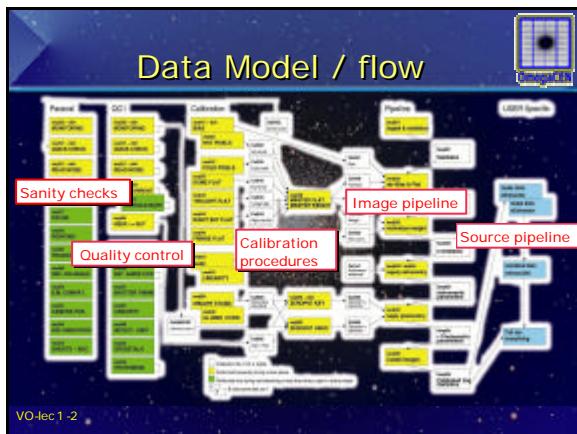
VO-lec 1

pipelines



- Workflow
- What triggers a pipeline?
 - Data items
 - Operators
 - users

VO-lec 1-2



Virtual observatories



- ???????????????

GigaPort seminar for astronomers

link to VO
lecture by EV

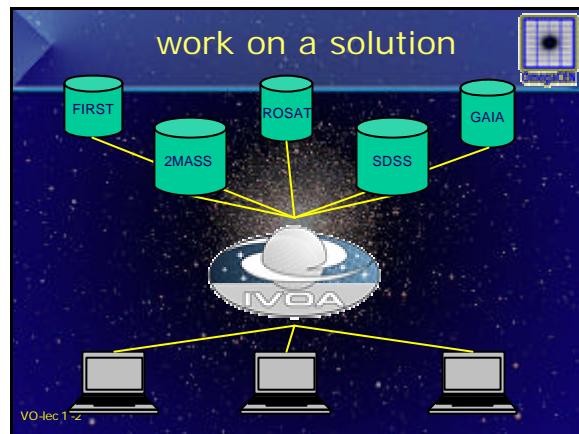
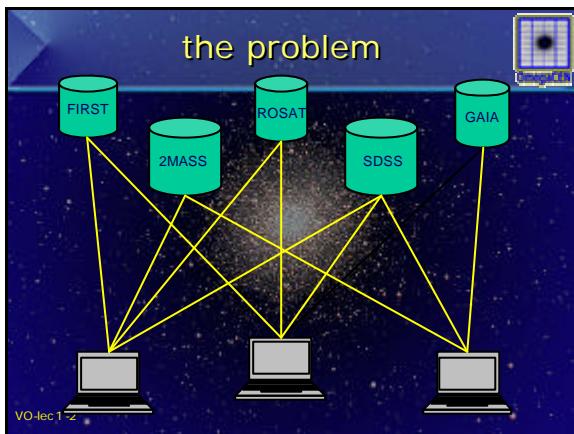
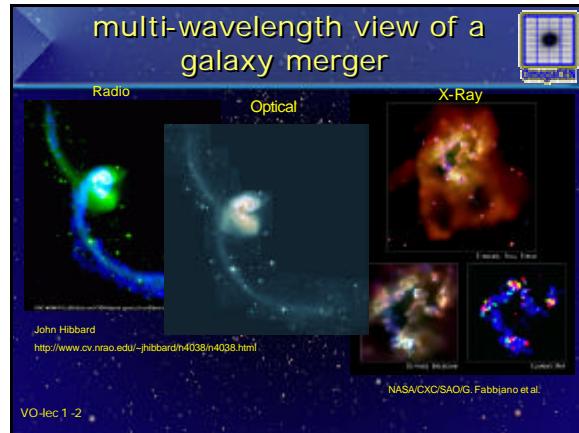
VO-lec 1-2

Virtual observatories



- Broad VOs
 - IVOA
 - Euro VO
- EuroVO DataCenter Alliance
- Focussed VOs
 - AstroWise

VO-lec 1-2



AVO-> Euro-VO

- Standards
 - FITS
 - Universal Content descriptor UCD
 - VO table – VOT
- Communities – workshops/training
- Registry
- Connecting archives
 - Cone search
 - X-match
 - All kinds of tools/ web services
- Relatively static

VO-lec 1-2

standards: Universal content Descriptor - UCD

- <http://www.ivoa.net/Documents/REC/UCD/UCD-20050812.html#ToC8>

Examples of UCD+ and how they are built:

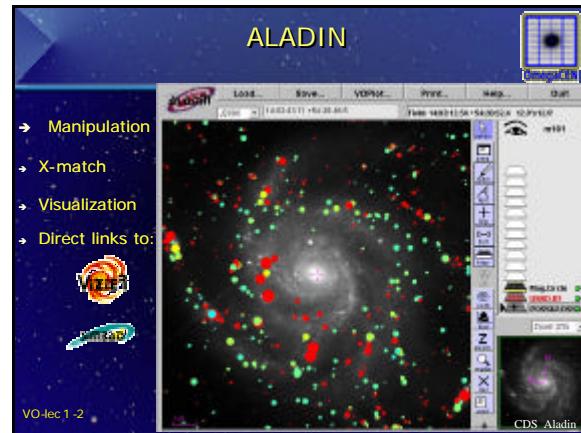
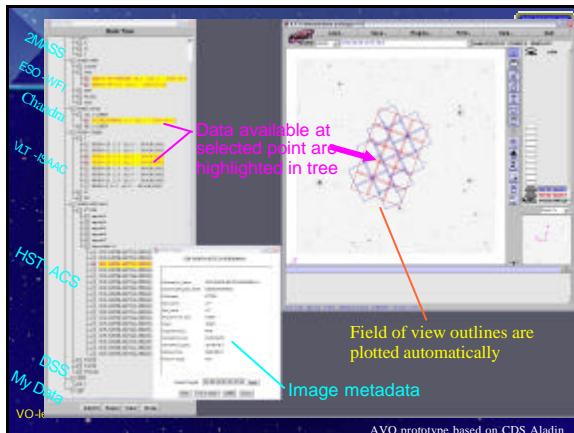
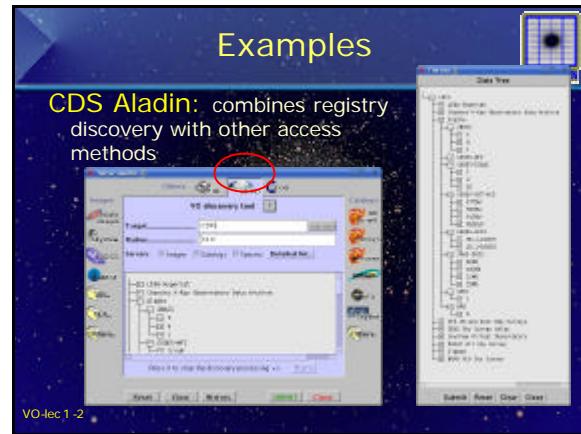
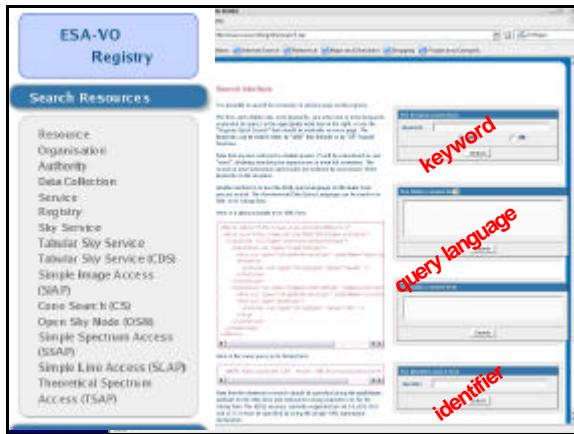
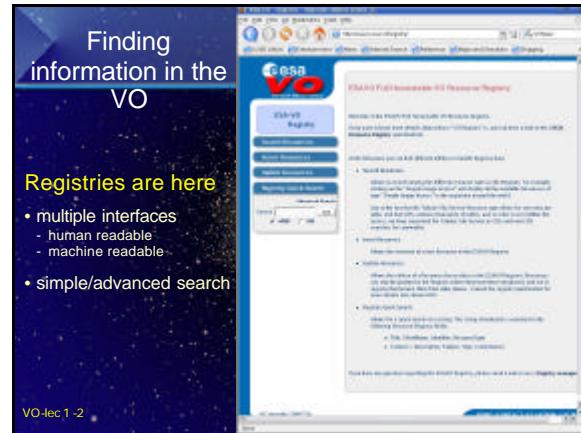
- The known temperature of an atom is 100 K. This is fundamental, so the primary value will be **physical quantity**. This temperature is that of an instrument, so we specify it as **physical parameter**. And finally, we add a third field to indicate that this is the maximum value of a **physical measurement**, giving the final UCD:

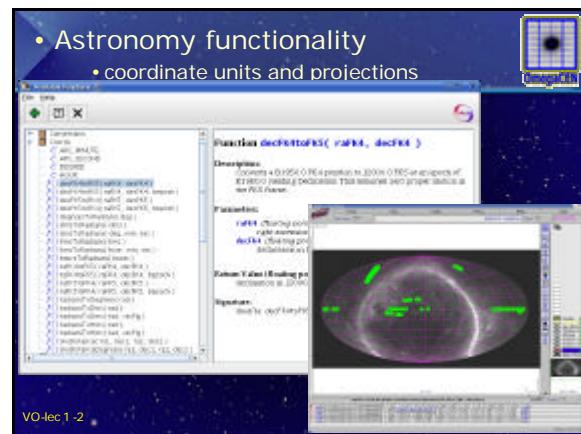
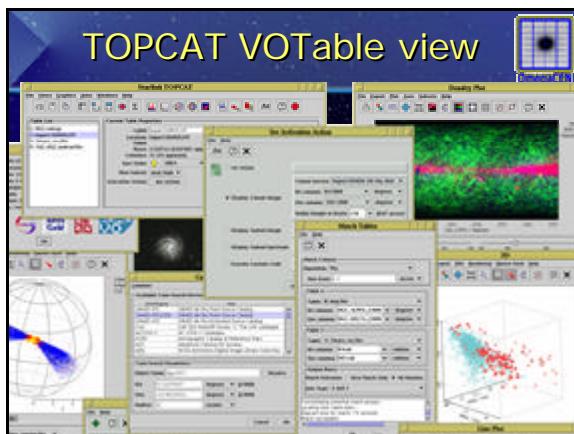
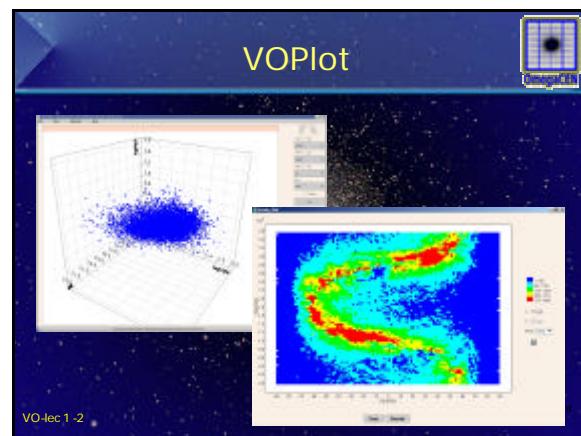
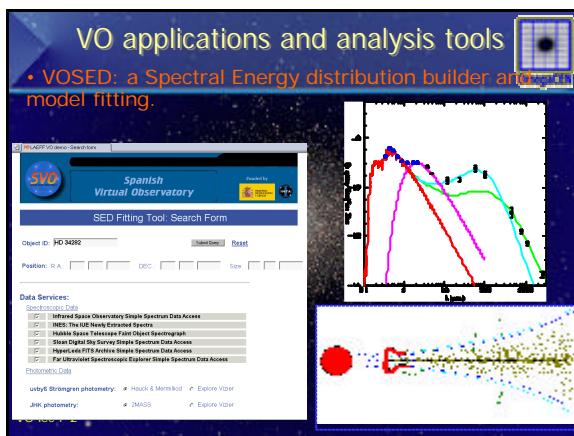
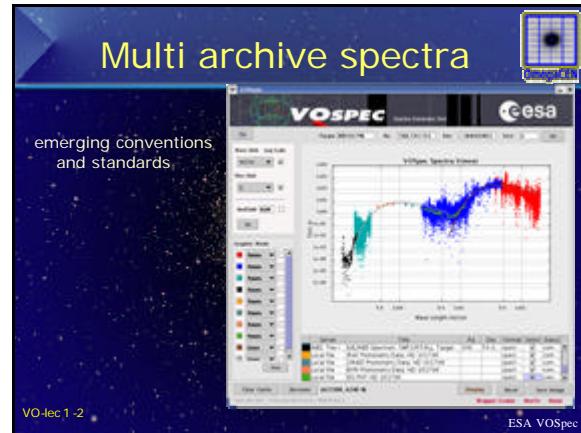
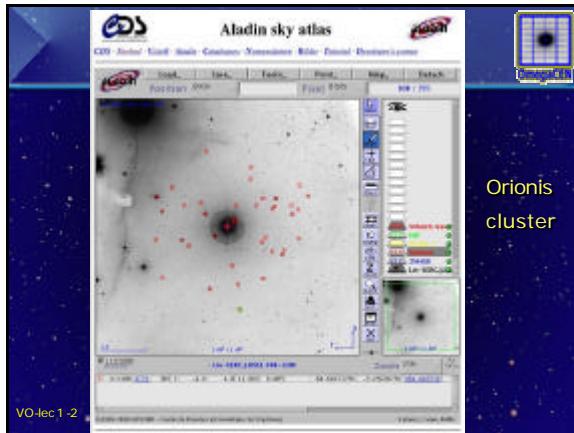
physical quantity, float, optional

- The position of a charged particle is 10 m. This quantity is an **entity**. So the primary value will be **state entity**. This uncertainty applies to a single entity, so we use **entity error** plus **array**. Then, we can specify the photometric band with another word, giving **state entity error array, string**.

<http://www.ivoa.net/Documents/PR/UCD/UCDlist-20061006.html>

VO-lec 1-2





Astronomical archives: take-up of VO standards.

This slide displays several screenshots of astronomical archive interfaces. At the top left is the INES (INFSO Research Institute) interface. Next to it is the AAVSO (American Association of Variable Star Observers) interface. Below these are two more screens: one showing a search interface with a color-coded map of a celestial object, and another showing a detailed view of a telescope dome.

Theory in the VO

- Theoretical model web server + TSAP

This slide shows a screenshot of a theoretical model web server interface. It includes a navigation menu on the left, several input fields, and a graph on the right showing a spectrum. A callout box highlights a specific section of the interface, and a small logo for 'VOspec' is visible in the top right corner.

ASTRID -CM: VO Science

- From Class 0 to Class III: Search and classification

This slide shows a screenshot of the ASTRID -CM VO Science interface. It features a grid of plots and visualizations related to astronomical data analysis. One plot shows a distribution of values, while others show various astronomical parameters. A legend at the bottom left indicates the data classes from 0 to III.

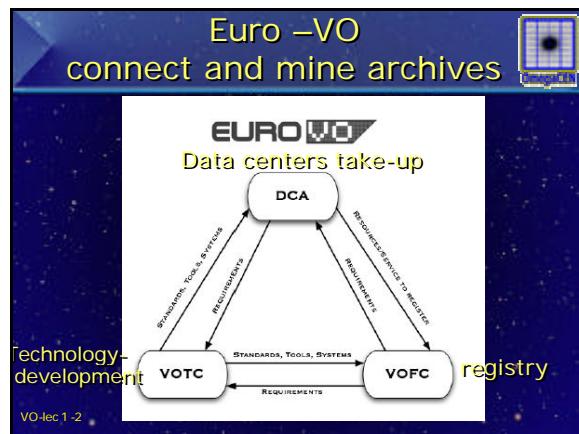
SVO Thematic Network: VO Science

- Discovery of ultracool (T-type) brown dwarfs (IAC+LAEFF)

This slide shows a screenshot of the SVO Thematic Network VO Science interface. It displays several plots and data tables. Two prominent plots are shown: one showing a distribution of J-H vs H-K colors, and another showing a scatter plot of magnitude versus distance. The interface includes various controls and data entry fields.

applications

- Astro-GRID → Euro-VO
 - Workflow
Taverna 2 (Bioinformatics-life sciences)
client side workflow editor and engine
 - Connecting webservices – grid
 - my space



Data Center Alliance

- Consortium Agreement
F, I, G, UK, Sp, NL, ESO, ESA
- Now EU funded: FP6 1.5 M Euro
COMMUNICATION NETWORK DEVELOPMENT COORDINATION ACTION
 - start 1/9/2006 2.5 year (startup project)
 - ~ 1 fte NL, + travel
- NOVA -NL

VO-lec 1-2

DCA tasks – WPs take-up VO technology

- WP3: support of take-up and implementation of VO technology
 - NL: AstroWise/OmegaCAM, Lofar
 - Census
- WP 4: inclusion theoretical data VObs
- WP 5: coord with computational GRIDS
 - NL: I-GrID - F.Pasian
- WP 6: support other EU countries

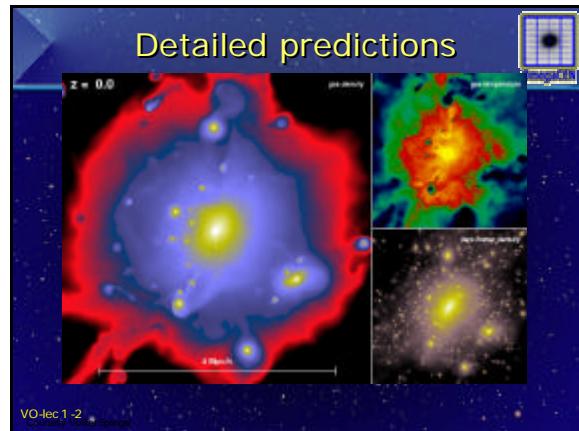
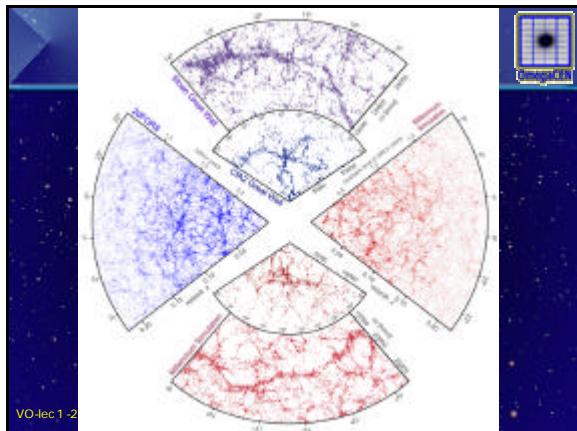
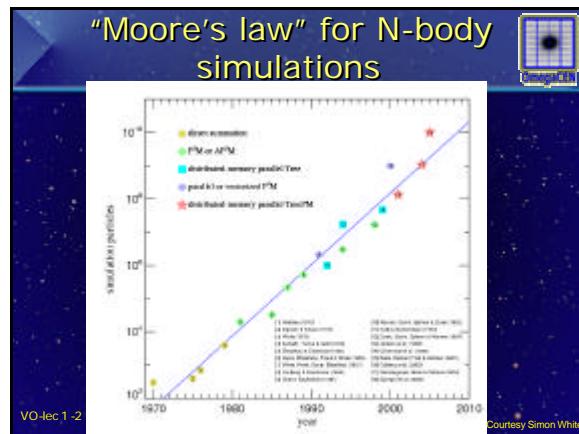
VO-lec 1-2

Theory in the VO: issues

Gerard Lemson

- Simulations not so simple
 - complex observables
 - no standardisation (not even HDF5)
 - archiving ad hoc, for local use
- Moore's law makes useful lifetime relatively short: few years later can do better
- Current IVOA standards somewhat irrelevant
 - no common sky
 - no common objects
 - requires data models for content, physics, code

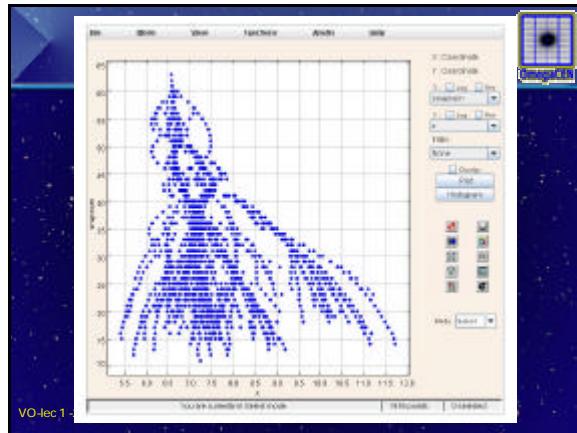
VO-lec 1-2



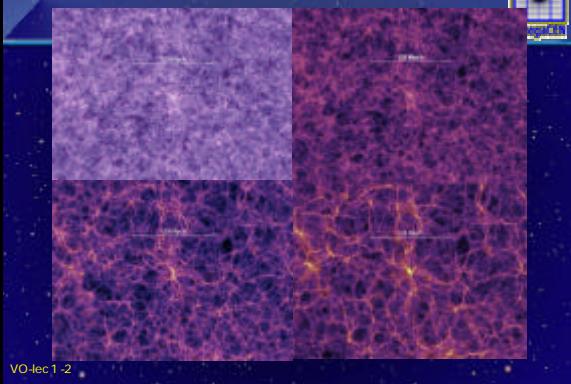
The Virgo consortium's Millennium simulation

- Millennium simulation
 - 10 billion particles, dark matter only
 - 500 Mpc (~2Gly) periodic box
 - “concordance model” (as of 2004) initial conditions
 - 64 snapshots
 - 350000 CPU hours
 - O(30Tb) raw + post-processed data
- Postprocessing:
 - dark matter density fields smoothed at various scales (45 * 256³ grid cells)
 - dark matter cluster merger trees (~750 million)
 - galaxy merger trees (~1 billion/catalogue)
 - DeLucia & Balizot, 2006
 - Bower *et al.*, 2006

VO-lec1-2

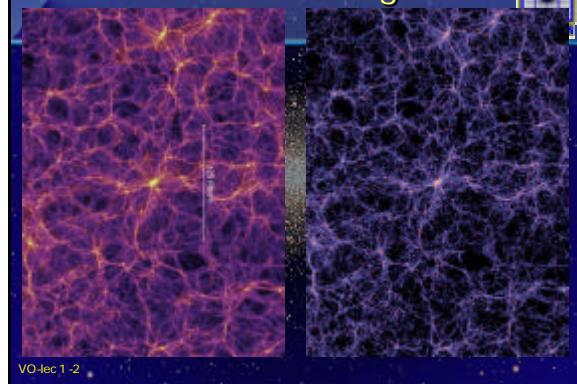


Evolution

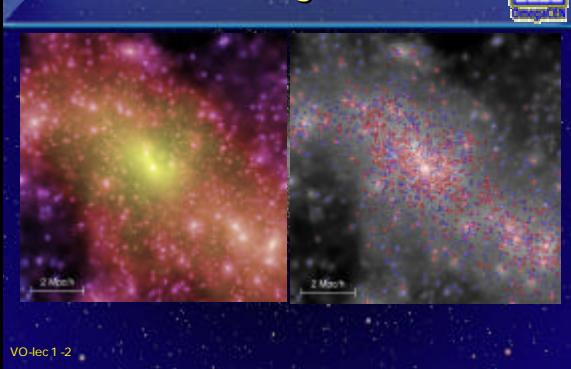


VO-lec1-2

Dark matter and galaxies



Halos and galaxies



VO-lec1-2

the Millennium database + web server

- Post-processing results only
- SQLServer database
- Web application (Java in Apache tomcat web server)
 - portal: <http://www.mpa-garching.mpg.de/millennium/>
 - public DB access: <http://www.o-vo.org/Millennium>
 - private access: <http://www.o-vo.org/MyMillennium>
 - MyDB
- Access methods
 - browser with plotting capabilities through VOPlot applet
 - wget + IDL, R
 - TOPCAT plugin

VO-lec1-2

Virgo - Millennium Database

This screenshot shows the Virgo Millennium Database interface. It features a search bar at the top with placeholder text: "Search for astronomical objects in the Virgo database". Below the search bar is a dropdown menu for "Search type" with options like "Search by name", "Search by coordinates", and "Search by redshift". The main content area displays a list of results with columns for "Name", "RA", "DEC", "Redshift", and "Magnitude". A "Select" column contains checkboxes. At the bottom, there are buttons for "Search again", "Search history", and "Help". The footer includes links to "VO-lect 1-2" and "GAVO".

Mock Map Making Facility

This screenshot shows the Mock Map Making Facility interface. It has a header with the GAVO logo and "MockMap2". The main area displays two grayscale maps of astronomical data with various yellow and orange points and lines overlaid. To the right is a form titled "Enter data for the MockMap2 VisTel service" with fields for "RA" and "DEC" coordinates. Below the maps, there are references to "Dobrovsek et al. 2004" and "Morgan et al. 2005". The footer includes links to "VO-lect 1-2" and "GAVO".

**GASS Conference
10 May 2006**

**Moving e-Infrastructure into a new era
the FP7 challenge**

Mario Campolongo, European Commission - DG INFSO Head of Unit Research Infrastructures

The slide features a portrait of Mario Campolongo and a list of achievements under the heading "Moving e-Infrastructure into a new era the FP7 challenge".

EGEE, world leading grid infrastructure

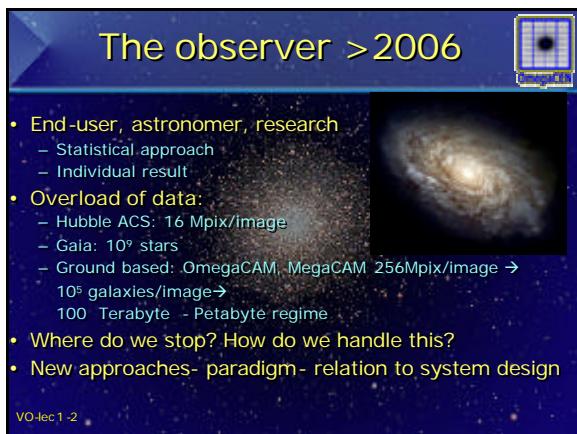
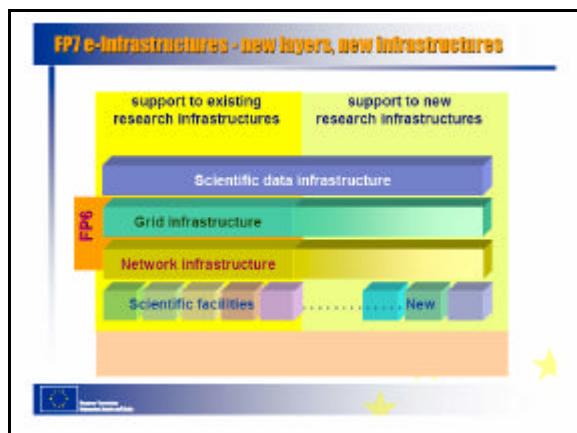
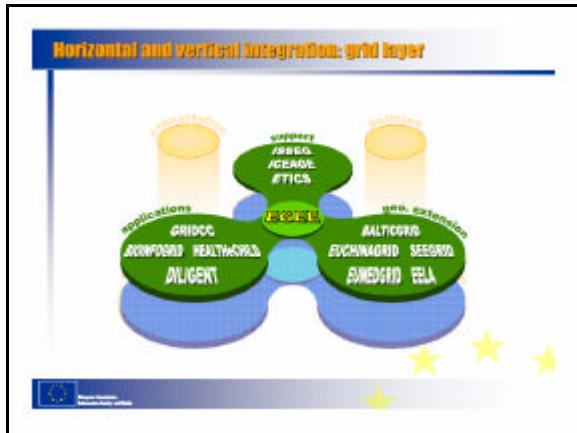
- Stable and reliable production Grid infrastructure for ERA
- Own middleware stack, gLite
- Scientific communities

High Energy Physics	Biomedics
Astrophysics	Earth Sciences
Computational Chemistry	Finance
Fusion	Geophysics
Life Sciences	Multimedia
- Industrial policy
- Standardisation, training and education

EGEE, providing key e-Science services

- Stable and reliable production Grid infrastructure
- Own middleware stack, gLite
- 200 sites in 39 countries
- > 60 Virtual Organisations
- > 20 000 CPUs
- > 5 PB storage
- > 10 000 concurrent jobs per day

Horizontal and vertical integration: network layer





from Design-> deliver

- Scientific requirements - SRD
- User requirements - URD
- Architectural design - ADD
- Detailed design - DDD
Implementation
- Quantify
- Build
- Qualify – unit tests

VO-lec 1-2

New approaches new balances

Anarchy $\leftarrow \rightarrow$ coordinated
 Freedom $\leftarrow \rightarrow$ fixed system

Standard data products $\leftarrow \rightarrow$ user tuned products
 Data releases $\leftarrow \rightarrow$ user defined hunting

DESIGN

5 Essential STEPS:

VO-lec 1-2

1- calibration plan integrated up-link /down link

NOVA - Kapteyn Institute	OmegaCAM	D Issue	internal
USM – CuPd		Date	Version 2.11
	DFS	Page	7 Oct 2004
			42

Selected Items from Odoo file system

Summary sections	•
Items	•
Objective	•
Fulfilling or fulfilled by	•
When performed, frequency	•
Sources, observations	•
Inputs	•
Outputs	•
Required accuracy, constraints	•
Estimated time needed	•
Priority	•
Template Signature File	•
Recipe	•
Calibration Analysis spec's	•
Needed Functionality	•
CA implementation (pseudo code)	•
Status of Req.	•
FLAG	•

www.astro.rug.nl/~omegacam

This document is prepared by the Odoo Document Control System.

VO-lec 1

NOVA - Kapteyn Institute	OmegaCAM	ID Issue	internal
USM – CuPd		Date	Version 2.11
	DFS	Page	7 Oct 2004
			40

1.2.1 Reg. ... Cut 1 CCD read noise - check

Objective: Measure the CCD read noise (in ADU) as a standard health check.
The read noise is measured from pairs of blue exposures. The rms value of the difference between two exposures is computed and divided by $\sqrt{2}$. Blue noise variance. This is the first order daily health check.

Fulfilling or fulfilled by:
Software

With performance / requirement:
- Average. Corresponding, selecting all exposures: daily health check.

Required accuracy, constraints:
- Readout noise less than 5e-6.

Verification: The variance is <= reference value less than 0.5e-6.
These are two values. The corresponding limit is ADU can be calculated using the n / ADU conversion factor from [http://520](#).

Estimated time needed:
- Exposure: 8 sec. Reduction: 8 sec / CCD

TSF:
Model: Star 5e-2
- TSF = OCM_img_cat_blue_N=1
- TSF = OCM_img_cat_red/blue
Inputs:
- 2 raw blue frames
Outputs:
- CalFile: S2I (readout noise in ADU's)
- The CalFile corresponds to QC parameter read_noise (a single number).
Notes:
Read noise <= read noise limit = 1.0 sec MAD(DOM_ITOBITS)
E-hej MAD(VTUB_VB00000000)

VO-lec 1-2

NOVA - Kapteyn Institute USM - OApD	OmegaCAM DFS	ID Issue Date Page internal Version 2.11 7 Oct 2004 49
 		
bias1, bias2 : the two raw bias images MAXIMUM_ITERATIONS : maximum number of iterations for statistics measurement (integer). Range of allowed values: 2 - 10. Default: 5 REJECTION_THRESHOLD : rejection threshold for bad pixels in sigma (float). Range of allowed values: 1.0 - 10.0. Default: 5.0		
Before applying this recipe, use Recipe - Split —which is documented in seq.-631—with the -t bias option to split the raw multi-extension FITS input files.		
CA1: Process (make): 1. Subtract the two bias frames to produce a difference image. 2. Iteratively reject outliers in the difference image. 3. Compute the mean, median and rms of the remaining pixels of the difference image. 4. The readout noise is the rms divided by $\sqrt{2}$.		
CAP: <pre>diff_image = eclipsi.image_sub(bias1, bias2) state = eclipsi.iter_stats(diff_image, MAXIMUM_ITERATIONS, REJECTION_THRESHOLD) read_noise = state.stdev / sqrt(2) mean_diff = state.avg_pix median_diff = state.median</pre>		
QC Parameters: <pre>read_noise : the readout noise in ADU mean_diff : mean difference between the two input raw bias frames median_diff : median difference between the two input raw bias frames</pre>		

2 -Procedurizing

The diagram illustrates the '3 Data Model' architecture, showing the flow of data from raw sources through various processing stages to final products. Key components highlighted by red boxes include:

- Sanity checks**: Located in the Quality control section.
- Image pipeline**: A large central area containing numerous sub-processes and their dependencies.
- Source pipeline**: Located in the Calibration procedures section.

4 Integrated archive and Large Data Volume

- Handling of the data is non-trivial
 - Pipeline data reduction
 - Calibration with very limited resources
 - Things change in time:
 - Physical changes (atmosphere, various gains)
 - Code (new methods, bugs)
 - Human insight in changes
 - Working with source lists

Science can only be archive based

4 archive and Virtual Survey System

- Environment that provides systematic and controlled
 - **Access** to all raw and calibration data
 - Execution and **modification** image/calibration pipelines
 - Execution of source extraction algorithms- catalogues
 - Archiving or regenerate **on the fly** dynamically
 - Paradigm: no static data releases but **dynamic on request data**
 - **federated** to link different data centers
- Dynamical archive continuously grows, can be used for
 - small or large science projects
 - generating and checking calibration data
 - exchanging methods , scripts and configuration

