Program: Galaxies course 2005-2006

- **General introduction to galaxies**: morphological classification; the Hubble sequence: properties of each class, physical considerations, time dependence. *Ref: SG Sec.1.3; BM Sec.4.1*
- **Stellar populations**: Colour-magnitude diagram, examples for clusters; determination of age and metallicity; initial mass function and stellar luminosity function; luminosity evolution of single stellar populations.

Ref: SG Sec.2.1, 2.2; BM Sec.3.6, 5.1, 5.4, 6.1.2, 6.1.3, 6.1.4, 6.1.5, 6.2.1

- Cosmic distance scale: absolute and relative distance indicators; examples; caveats. Ref: BM Sec.7.2, 7.3, 7.4
- The Milky Way
 - Spatial distribution of stars and components: star counts; luminosity functions; thin
 and thick disk: characteristics and tracers; halo and bulge: general properties. Population
 I and II.

Ref: SG Sec. 2.2; 2.3; BM: Ch. 10; MB: Ch. 4

• The Milky Way (cont.)

Internal kinematics: reference frames and the LSR; Galactic rotation; Oort constants; the solar motion; motions of nearby disk stars. Kinematics of thick disk, halo and bulge.

Ref: SG Sec. 2.2; 2.3; BM: Ch. 10.; MB: Ch. 6, 7

Dynamics and kinematics of gas: distribution of HI and CO; determination of the rotation curve; implications.

Ref: SG Sec. 2.3; BM Sec. 9.1, 9.2

Introduction to Galactic Dynamics:

Motion under gravity: Relation between gravitational potential and mass density;
 spherical systems and Newton's theorems; conserved quantities; strong and weak
 encounters and timescales.

Ref: SG Sec. 3.1, 3.2

 Orbits of disk stars: effective potential; conserved quantities; epicycles; relation between epicyclic frequency and Oort constants.

Ref: SG Sec. 3.3

- Chemical evolution: closed-box; evolution of the metal content; the G dwarf problem; extensions of simple model: accretion and outflow.
 - Ref: SG Sec. 4.3.2; BM 5.3
- **Disk galaxies**: surface brightness distributions: bulges and disks; decomposition; star formation; HI observations: distribution and velocity fields, rotation curves and mass distribution. Spiral structure and the winding problem.
- Ref: SG Ch. 5; BM 4.4
- Elliptical galaxies: surface brightness distributions; isophotes and shapes; internal kinematics; scaling relations: Faber-Jackson, the fundamental plane; stellar populations.

Ref: SG Ch 6; BM 4.3

• **Peculiar galaxies**: starbursts and AGNs; generalities; classes of AGNs; physical paradigm; unification scheme.

Ref: SG Sec. 8.1; BM 4.6

SG: Sparke & Gallagher "Galaxies in the Universe", Cambridge Univ. Press

BM: Binney & Merrifield "Galactic Astronomy", Princeton

MB: Mihalas & Binney "Galactic Astronomy: Structure and kinematics", Freeman